

LEX INFORMATICA

An ultimate guide to Career in Law after 12th



SPECIAL MESSAGE

By **Late Shri Ram Jethmalani**
(Legal Doyen),
Shri G Bala Subramanian,
Ex. Director Academics CBSE.

FOREWORD

By **Mr. Rodney D Ryder**, Lawyer
considered to be an authority in the
space of IT & Intellectual Property
Laws, Advisor to Ministry of ICT
(Govt. of India).

UPDATES

About law entrance exams, career
opportunities, life@law school
After 12th exam calendar 2020

**"The future depends upon
what you do today"**

Explore the world of law with
VIDHIGYA
CLAT Tutorials
Nurturing Law, Life and Leadership

"It's a great institution to prepare for a glorious career in law."

Ram Jethmalani
Legal Legend Late Mr. Ram Jethmalani



VIDHIGYA

CLAT Tutorials



Vidhigya is a venture of NLU alumni team and is Central India's Premier Law Entrance Prep Institute for CLAT Exam. Vidhigya stands as the 'undisputed leader' in law entrance exams prep for the last 6 years by virtue of central India's biggest faculty team dedicated to one and only centre at Indore. At Vidhigya, our passion and dedication is not just to teach but also to nurture law, life and leadership in you.

Vidhigya is not merely a coaching, it is a

GURUKUL FOR LAW ASPIRANTS.

Our Inception



Mr. Ram Jethmalani interacting with Director Bahul Shastri while launching Vidhigya Online Portal at VIDHIGYA Campus



Prof. (Dr.) R Venkata Rao, Ex VC, NLSIU Bengaluru inaugurating Vidhigya Campus.

We don't FRANCHISE

We, 'the Biggest Faculty Team in Central India', Channelise all our energy & efforts upon Law Aspirants enrolled at Indore : Our one and only center in India.

MESSAGE FOR LAW ASPIRANTS BY LEGENDS WHO INSPIRE

“You are lucky to be in this institution with unusual mission of National Service. Those of you wish to specialise in law in particular, I have to advise that a Lawyer who only knows Law is not a Lawyer, he is only a Mason. A Lawyer has to be an architect. You must know religion, philosophy, world history and science, almost every branch of knowledge. Above all, service to the nation must be your primary commitment. I wish you all the best in life.”



Late. Shri Ram Jethamalani
Sr. Advocate, Supreme Court



Shri G. Balasubramanian
Ex-Director Academics (CBSE)

“It is said “You must either modify your dreams or magnify your skills.” With the fast changing dynamics of science, technology and its tools, not only formal familiarisation with the newer skills has become imperative, but to acquire the competency in using them. We are, turning, therefore from ‘Knowledge workers’ to ‘Knowledge technologists’. In this context, the ‘Vidhigya’ finds its relevance as not only meeting the needs of current generation, but as one which could prepare the learners for futuristic tasks and challenges. The concept of Vidhigya is well thought of and well-conceived. I am confident that this organisation will not only help to facilitate the young learners to design their futuristic dreams, but help them to acquire the contextual skills to face the realities with courage, conviction and confidence.”

“Integrity is doing the right thing when nobody is watching. Education is not information but formation. Perfect human being is God and imperfect God is human being and education is a tool to remove imperfections and make a perfect human being.”



Prof.(Dr.) R. Venkata Rao
Vice Chancellor, NLSIU, Bengaluru

MESSAGE FOR LAW ASPIRANTS BY LEGENDS WHO INSPIRE



Ms. Kala Mohan
Patron - Vidhigya, Educationist
Academic Advisor- CBSE Schools

“ In this era of 21st century, the most important thing to succeed is ‘EXCEL IN THE CHOSEN WORLD’, be it anything, whether it is rotiwala or dabbawala. The first important step to excel in any field is SELF AWARENESS. Find the best in you, accept your weakness and become a better version of you everyday. Be a reason of someone’s smile everyday and lead a happy life, because happiness leads to success.”

“ Society is an organic and dynamic entity and law being an instrument to regulate the behaviour of members of society has to be equally dynamic. Study of a dynamic concept like law, while being an inspiring and exciting endeavour in itself, provides an opportunity to individuals to delve into the functional aspects of society and governance. The curriculum in modern law schools is designed to develop communication and persuasive skills, reasoning and analytical skills, research skills, critical thinking, public speaking, etc. Therefore, legal education, as it stands today, is not limited to studying a few books, appearing in exams and getting a degree. It is focused on all-round development of individuals that ultimately enables them to meet the emerging challenges of legal profession.”



Hon'ble Shri. Tarkeshwar Singh
Retd. District Judge, MP
Honorary - Academic Director, Vidhigya

Our Visitors



Mr. R. Venkatramani (Sr. Adv. Supreme Court)
Ex-Member Law Commission of India, visited
VIDHIGYA for a class room interaction with law aspirants.



Prof. (Dr.) Indranath Gupta Professor of IP &
Technology Law, LL.M. (East Anglia, UK),
Ph.D. (Brunel, London) interacted with Law
aspirants about 'Data Privacy and Cyber
Laws' at VIDHIGYA.



Mr. Sakshat Bansal (Professor of Law, NLSIU
Bengaluru) interacted with students at
VIDHIGYA about contemporary challenges
in Legal Profession.

“*The only person you need to compete is, the person you were yesterday.*”

Foreword by Mr. Rodney D. Ryder

Two Cents on Career in Law by Dr. S.G. Sreejith

Insights about Career in Law by Shri. V. K. Maheshwari

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Mr. Rodney D. Ryder

Advisor to the Ministry of ICT, Govt. of India
Adjunct Professor to the NLSIU - Bengaluru,
NALSAR - Hyderabad, NLU - Jodhpur,
the CBI Academy, Ghaziabad.



FOREWORD

I am delighted to learn of the tremendous contribution that Vidhigya is making in spreading crucial awareness about the law and legal careers. It is commendable the way the team at Vidhigya has structured 'Lex Informatica'. I am certain that this book will help hundreds and thousands of students make an informed decision and choose 'law' as their career path. This book very clearly explains what law aspirants can expect in a law school and further down the line when they have completed their graduation in law.

There has been a appalling lack of awareness amongst students and the general public about career prospects after pursuing law and I am pleased to say that this book does a very commendable job of clearly explaining and educating the youth and the general public about the prospects available to a person once they complete their law degree.

I feel what Shri Bahul Shastri and his team are doing at Vidhigya is fantastic! I hope law aspirants as well as their parents and other interested students will go through this book and understand the nuances of the legal profession. With a career spanning over twenty years in the profession, I wish I had a book such as this during my school days to reinforce my passion for law as a career!

I wish the students at Vidhigya the very best and hope that they achieve abundant success in their legal careers.

Rodney D. Ryder
Managing Partner
Scriboard



BE A SOCIAL ENGINEER

We live in global times. The global era we live in is not just an expansiveness of time and space. It is a time that is witnessing a grand collapse, a collapse of every human imagination, every human artifact—believes, ideas, ideologies, identities, culture, regimes, institutions, and social and political orders. Pessimistic all these may sound, but, then again, our time is also a time for reinvention—for reinventing all that we lost in the grand collapse. In fact, we are transposed unknowingly into a Parmenidean moment of choosing the truth for us, urging us to reinvent the self and everything surrounding us.

What we need are new imaginations to invent projects of reconstruction and renewal. In this grand scheme of things, law, free of its limitations thanks to the grand collapse (and perhaps a self-survival), stands open with its imaginative spaces to be invaded. For a generation starting to study law, law is waiting in/as right, left, and center with its amazing possibilities. From being means of showing right ways of living through legislative imperatives, law has become the willing and acting of humankind. In its uncharacteristic millennial amorphousness, law is asking for new form and new substance. It's an echo of John Milton in Paradise Lost of to how to reassemble our afflicted powers.

How overcome this dire Calamity?

What reinforcement we may gain from Hope,
If not what resolution from despair.



Dr. S.G. Sreejith

Vice Dean, Jindal Global Law School
LL.D. (University of Lapland), Finland
Advisory Board Member - Vidhigya
& Our Inspiration

Heed to this call, and awake, oh dear ones, from the age-old stupor of orthodoxy, there is no time to tarry. A deferral will cost you badly, depriving you not just an opportunity, but also your world. If you do not use this opportune moment, world will be turned into a site of hostility, as law, in its pristine freshness, is equally open for malevolent forces. Hence, let's vow together, that we will become the soul of law, consecrating it from the evil of bad-power, making it the pure consciousness of individuals and the absolute consciousness of humanity. We will live the global times together in law, making it the best epoch in the existence of humankind.

In all solidarity and camaraderie, I wish every aspirant of law the grandest success!



ENTERING THE WORLD OF LAW

Since the time immemorial, legal profession is known to be a noble profession. With passage of time, this proverb has proved itself to be true, as it open doors to new horizons for everyone who enters in it. Be it a Judge, an Advocate, a Legal Officer, a Consultant, an Academician or holding any other assignment in law. Not only it provides ample opportunities of means for leading a decent and respectful life, but also affords innumerable ways to help weaker and underprivileged sections of society, the down-trodden and victims of injustice. Law is the only field, wherein a person comes across different kind of challenges in life and also courage to face these challenges bravely and successfully. It throws open all the faculties of brain of a human being which other professions cannot do. It is to be remembered that most of our freedom fighters were from legal profession. In the recent past and after the independence the persons who have given new shape to the country, were all from legal profession. Even to- day most of shining politicians of the country are from legal back ground. There are number of Judges, Advocates and Jurists who have gained name and fame. Not only present but the future of new entrants to the world of law, is promising and bright as day by day new spheres are coming on the ground.



Shri. V.K. Maheshwari

Former Dist. Judge,
State of Uttarakhand
Advisory Board Member - Vidhigya
& Our Inspiration

Large number of new courts is being established at every stage and for catering their needs matching equal number of Prosecutors and Advocates will be required, new colleges of law in every part of country are being opened so large number of academicians will be required for them.

All these avenues will provide an assured career progression to new comers but with a condition that the person has to be honest, dedicated and devoted.

For last several years, I have been closely watching the activities of Vidhigya, established and run by highly talented and dedicated personality Mr. Bahul Shastri and Mrs Kriti Shastri with a very efficient, skilled and team and I feel proud to note that Vidhigya is a sure gateway to the vast, wonderful and colorful sky of law. Be ready to achieve new heights.

HAVE YOU EVER SEEN MEN IN BLACK?



No, not the movie, we are talking about legal professionals, who work to bring justice in the society. The Indian legal profession is one of the largest in the world, with over 1.4 million enrolled advocates nationwide. The Indian legal profession has grown over a short period of less than 50 years to become the world's largest branch of the profession. Within India, it is one of the most influential professions having an involvement in the governance of the country.

QUICK FACTS

How can I enter into Legal Profession in India?

Students prepare for CLAT & AILET in Class XI- XII or After XII to enter into India's finest Law Universities - National Law Universities.

Why to choose Career in Law?



Financially & Socially Lucrative



Intellectual Challenges



Diverse Legal Career Options



Growth and Opportunity



Dynamic Environment

Is career in Law only restricted to arguments in Court?

The Leaders since centuries have been showing evidently, how Law Professionals leave impact outside the Courtroom.



Mahatma Gandhi
Indian lawyer, Leader of the Nationalist movement



Nelson Mandela
South Africa's Leader



Michelle Obama
Lawyer and writer & was the First Lady of the USA



Arun Jaitley
Finance Minister of India, 2014-19



Cyril Suresh Shroff
Managing Partner
Cyril Amarchand Mangaldas

Which stream should I choose in Class XI & XII, if I want to pursue Law?

You can choose any stream in class XI & XII if you want to pursue a career in law. Students of all streams are eligible to appear for CLAT & other Law Entrance Examination. You should choose the stream of your best interest. Eligibility - Forty-five percent (45%) marks in case of candidates belonging to Unreserved/OBC/(Specially Abled Persons) Categories | Forty percent (40%) marks in case of candidates belonging to SC/ST Category in Class XII

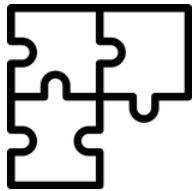
DO YOU HAVE WHAT IT TAKES?



REQUIRED **SKILLSET** FOR 21st CENTURY LAWYER

READING COMPREHENSION

Reading skills are key to success in Legal profession. Reading is a process of "building a mental representation of ideas". At Vidhigya you develop this skill within few days.



Logic is the lifeblood of Legal Professional World. It is employing logic to construct arguments. Not to worry - You enter Vidhigya with full of mush and you leave with strong LAWSense."

LOGICAL & LAWGICAL

WRITING FLAWLESSLY

Lawyers must also be able to write clearly, persuasively and concisely, as they must produce a variety of legal documents.



Researching legal concepts, case law, judicial opinions, statutes, regulations, and other information. Proficiency at statutory interpretation and learning proper legal citation.

RESEARCH

LISTENING & SPEAKING COGENTLY

Lawyers must be able to orally articulate and also be good listeners. In order to argue convincingly in the courtroom before the judge.



The best lawyers are not only logical and analytical, but they display a great deal of creativity in their problem-solving. It is often necessary to think outside the box.

CREATIVITY

JUDGMENT

The ability to draw reasonable, logical conclusions or assumptions from limited information is essential as a lawyer. Decisiveness is also a part of judgement.



LAWYERS: RULERS OF THE KNOWN UNIVERSE

Law Makers, Politicians, Legal Profession & Lawyers



Abraham Lincoln

President of US during the American civil war. Lincoln led the Union to victory and also enabled the end of slavery. he taught himself the law and founded a successful legal practise.



Nelson Mandela

established the first attorney law firm owned by black people, excluded blacks from many areas of society. He was elected the first President of democratic South Africa in 1994.



Mahatma Gandhi

trained as a lawyer in England before establishing a practice in South Africa. Gandhi tried to fight the increasing discrimination faced by Indians in South Africa. Became Father of Indian Nation.



Barack Obama

with a background in law in 1996, he entered the Illinois Senate and made a meteoric rise to become the first black US President in 2008, serving two terms until 2016.



Hillary Clinton

became the first women to run for the office of US president for a major political party (Democrats). Also served as Secretary of State from 2009 to 2013. First lady for husband Bill Clinton.

LAWYERS AS SOCIAL ENGINEER

LEGAL EAGLE



Fali S Nariman

Senior advocate, has been the President of the Supreme Court Bar Association and has been awarded the Padma Bhushan, Padma Vibhushan and the Gruber Prize for Justice.



Soli J Sorabjee

Padma Vibhushan awardee, has also held the position of Attorney General of India and the Solicitor General of India from 1977 to 1980.



KK Venugopal

He had been hired by Bhutan's royalty for consultation while drafting the Constitution of Bhutan. Also a recipient of Padma Bhushan and Padma Vibhushan awards.



Harish Salve

He served as the Solicitor General of India for nine years and has been mentored by Soli Sorabjee.

CAREER OPPORTUNITIES

A law degree opens up new horizons in career. A Law Graduate have catena of options to choose from. To name a few out of many available options that a law graduate may pursue a career in the following fields :

GOVERNMENT SECTOR

- Civil Servant (After clearing Civil Services Exams)
- Judge (After clearing Judicial Services Exams)
- Counsel for Government and its departments
- Judge Advocate General (JAG) in Defence Forces
- PSU (Govt.) Companies and PSU Banks
- Legal Advisor with Government Department / Ministry
- Legal Consultant at Constitutional and Statutory bodies like NHRC, CCI, NCDRC, NGT etc.

NON-GOVERNMENT SECTOR

- Legal Manager / Advisor to a Company or to Non PSU – Banks
- Associate at Law Firms in their Litigation or Corporate department
- Academics i.e. Professor at Law Universities (After LL.M.)
- Associate at Legal Process Outsourcing
- Legal Consultant at NGO

INDEPENDENT PRACTICE

- Practicing Advocate at Supreme Court , High Court or Tribunals
- Legal Consultant / Manager at International Organizations
- Law- Journalist
- Independent Consultancies in specialized areas like IPR, Cyber Laws.

OPPORTUNITIES

Multinational Corporations

Hindustan Unilever, GE, ITC, ICICI Bank
Wipro, Infosys, etc.

Management Consultancies

Mckinsey s Co., KPMG
Pricewaterhouse Cooper

International Law Firms

Linklaters (UK. Clifford Chance (UK)
Allen & Overy, etc.

Indian Law Firms

Amarchand & Mangaldas, Trilegal
etc.

Starting salaries
offered to
students from top
National Law
Universities by
law firms typically
is 15-18 lakhs

McKinsey
& Company

 **ICICI Bank**


amarchand mangaldas


Hindustan Unilever Limited

Linklaters

WHAT DO STUDENTS LEARN AT LAW SCHOOL?



THEY LEARN TO WIN

A five-year stint at a National Law University is a life changing experience. There is an adage that the primary purpose of law school is to teach you to think like a lawyer. Because laws continually change and evolve, specific rules may quickly lose their relevance, but the ability to think critically will be of the highest value.

At the center of five years' experience at Law School lies the academics. Each law school has some fantastic mentors, capable of making you fall in love with their subject. The academic scene is examination preparation, Presentations, Viva and projects are an all important part of the academic calendar that not only makes the academic experience holistic but also encourages you to share and debate what you have learnt.



EXAMINATION
Exams are the time when you see the entire law school in the library.



READING
Books are man's best friend. Incredibly thick legal books and long library hours clocked.



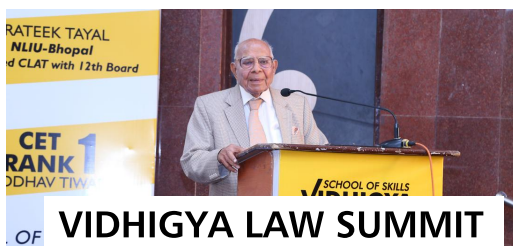
ASSIGNMENTS
It takes a lot of hard work and patience and it's a race against the due date.



DEBATES & DISCUSSION
It takes a lot of hard work and patience and it's a race against the due date.

LIFE @ LAW SCHOOL

Life @ Vidhigya





PARLIAMENTARY DEBATE

MODEL UNITED NATIONS

Life @ Vidhigya



LAW SCHOOL - Academics & more..

INTERNSHIP

Being a young Law Aspirant, there is likely a chance that students do not know what exactly they might end up doing? Some might think that they really like Corporate Law but, three years down the line at Law School, they think no, they were wrong, their actual calling is to serve people. They want to go for litigation but then looking at CV, all their internships are in corporate law. So, one should never stick to one kind of internship because that might be a problem as the area of interest changes in the law school years.

Like an NGO internship, it will sensitise you to what the poorest of the poor go through, how law can make a difference in their lives, teach you what empathy means etc.

A trial court and law firm internship, it will give you a 'true' picture of legal practice in India and teach you critical skills important for being a good lawyer.

Internships are diverse and can be taken up at NGOs, Governmental Departments & organizations like NHRC, FICCI, CCI, ONGC, Lawyer Chambers, Corporates, Banks, Publishing Houses & Law firms.

SPORTS AND EXTRA-CURRICULAR ACTIVITIES

is the adrenaline and the hunger to prove that we are the best.. Law school is not restricted to academics only. NALSAR has an open field for a stadium and well-constructed courts for various sports. The sporting culture is huge in the top NLUs (NLSIU, NALSAR and NUJS), they come together every year and host the Trilateral Series. INVICTA hosted by NUJS is the biggest sports law school festival.

Another extracurricular that is pursued with fervour is music. A large number of amateur bands are present in law schools. NLSIU hosts Strawberry Fields, the largest Amateur Rock festival in the country. Theatre, dancing and other activities are also crowd-pullers.

In the end life at a law school is a beautiful experience full of joy, despair, and excitement. It makes you a strong, independent person and we assure you that when you graduate you will be a totally different person and you will be ready to face the world.

Life @ Vidhigya



VIDHIGYA FITNESS CLUB



VIDHIGYA 5 a.m. READING CLUB



MUST READ BOOKS FOR LAW ASPIRANTS

NANI PALKHIVALA - THE COURTROOM GENIUS

by Soli J. Sorabjee, Arvind P. Datar

This book chronicles Palkhivala's journey as a lawyer and discusses the important cases in which he appeared and that changed the destiny of the country.

PITCH ANYTHING BY OREN KLAFF

When it comes to delivering a pitch, Oren Klaff has unparalleled credentials. One truly great pitch can improve your career, make you a lot of money--and even change your life.

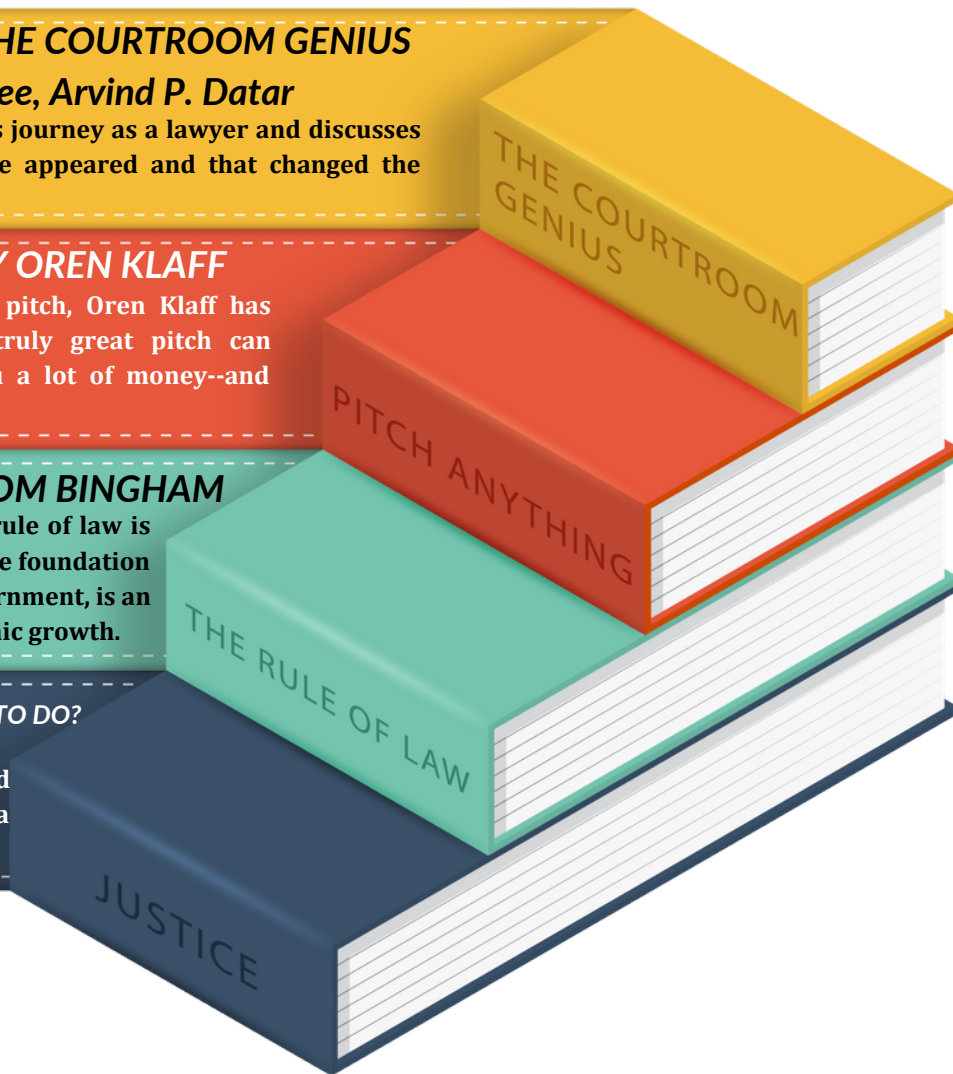
THE RULE OF LAW BY TOM BINGHAM

This book makes clear that the rule of law is not an arid legal doctrine but is the foundation of a fair society, responsible government, is an important contribution to economic growth.

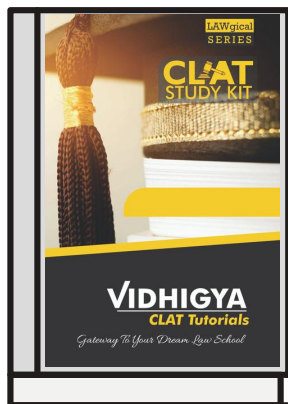
JUSTICE: WHAT'S THE RIGHT THING TO DO?

BY MICHAEL SANDEL

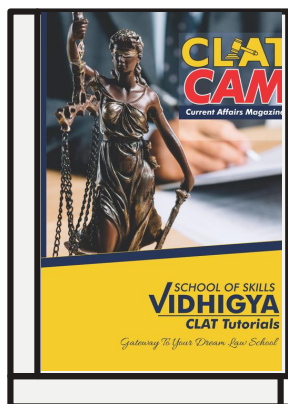
It has emerged as a most lucid guide for those who yearn for a more thoughtful public discourse.



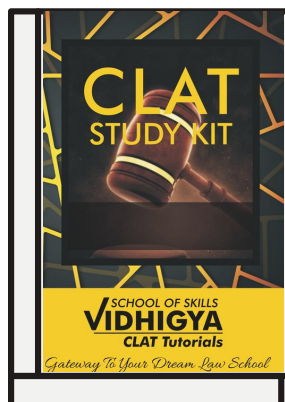
VIDHIGYA LAWGICAL SERIES MODULES



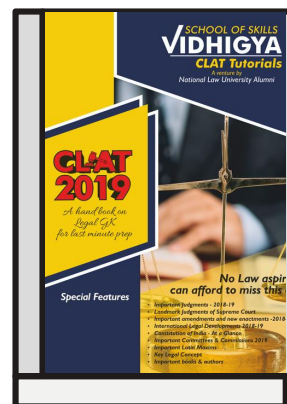
40 +
CLAT MODULES



CLAT CAM
Monthly Current Affairs



7+
READING
COMPREHENSION
SUPPLEMENTS



LEGAL GK



LAST MINUTE
PREP DOSE

NATIONAL LAW UNIVERSITIES

The advent of National Law Schools across the country had been a paradigm shift in legal education. These institutes (NLUs) pioneered the introduction of Five Year Integrated Law Programme after class XII. The idea was to impart quality legal education in order to meet the ever growing corporate demands. Today we have following National Law Universities (NLUs) in India.

CLAT

AILET

1. National Law School of India University, Bangalore (NLSIU)
2. NALSAR University of Law, Hyderabad (NALSAR)
3. National Law Institute University, Bhopal (NLIU)
4. The West Bengal National University of Juridical Sciences, Kolkata (WBNUJS)
5. National Law University, Jodhpur (NLUJ)
6. Hidayatullah National Law University, Raipur (HNLU)
7. Gujarat National Law University, Gandhinagar (GNLU)
8. Dr. Ram Manohar Lohiya National Law University, Lucknow (RMLNLU)
9. Rajiv Gandhi National University of Law, Patiala (RGNUL)
10. Chanakya National Law University, Patna (CNLU)
11. National University of Advanced Legal Studies, Kochi (NUALS)
12. National Law University Odisha, Cuttack (NLUO)
13. National University of Study & Research in Law, Ranchi (NUSRL)
14. National Law University & Judicial Academy, Assam, Guwahati (NLUJAA)
15. Damodaram Sanjivayya National Law University, Vishakhapatnam (DSNLU)
16. Tamil Nadu National Law School, Tiruchirappalli (TNNLS)
17. Maharashtra National Law University, Mumbai (MNLU)
18. Maharashtra National Law University, Nagpur (MNLU)
19. Himachal Pradesh National Law University, Shimla (HPNLU)
20. Maharashtra National Law University, Aurangabad
21. Dharmashastra National Law University, Jabalpur
22. Dr. B.R. Ambedkar National Law University, Sonapat

National Law University, Delhi (NLU-D)

ABOUT LAW ENTRANCE EXAMS

Every
3rd

Vidhigyan (YLP)
made it to NLUs in
CLAT 2019

Every
8th

Student of NLIU
Bhopal (2019 batch)
is Vidhigyan






128

NLU Selections in
CLAT 2018 & 2019.
Highest in Indore

7

NLU Delhi Selections
in 2018 & 2019.
Highest in Indore

CLAT - WHAT IS TESTED ?

Paper Pattern					
	Online & MCQ	150 Questions	120 minutes	+1	- 0.25
Subject	English	Current Affairs & GK	Quantitative Techniques	Logical Reasoning	Legal Reasoning
Weightage	30 20 %	38 25 %	15 10 %	30 20 %	37 25 %

Eligibility - Who can write CLAT exam?

- Any person who has passed 10+2 or equivalent examination with the minimum of :-
- Forty-five percent (45%) marks in case of candidates belonging to Unreserved/OBC/(Specially Abled Persons) Categories | Forty percent (40%) marks in case of candidates belonging to SC/ST Category
- Candidates who are appearing in XII Board exams in the same year are also eligible for appearing in CLAT.
- Student from any stream (Maths, Science, Commerce, Humanities) may write CLAT examination.

AREAS THAT WILL BE TESTED IN CLAT

English Language

You will be provided passages of about 450 words each. These passages will be derived from contemporary or historically significant fiction and non-fiction writing.

- Draw inferences and conclusions based on the passage;
- Compare and contrast the different arguments or viewpoints set out in the passage; and
- Understand the meaning of various words and phrases used in the passage.

Current Affairs Including General Knowledge

You will be provided passages of up to 450 words each. The passages will be derived from news, journalistic sources, examination of legal information.

- Contemporary events of significance from India and the world;
- Arts and culture;
- International affairs; and
- Historical events of continuing significance.

Legal Reasoning

In this section, you will be expected to read passages of around 450 words each. The passages may relate to fact situations or scenarios involving legal matters, public policy questions or moral philosophical enquiries.

- Understand how changes to the rules or principles may alter their application to various fact situations.

Logical Reasoning

In this section your following abilities shall be tested:

- Read and identify the arguments set out in the passage;
- Critically analyse patterns of reasoning, and assess how conclusions may depend on particular premises or evidence;
- Infer what follows from the passage and apply these inferences to new situations;
- Draw relationships and analogies, identify contradictions and equivalence, and assess the effectiveness of arguments.

Quantitative Techniques

- In this section your ability to apply various X standard mathematical operations on such information, including from areas such as ratios and proportions, basic algebra, mensuration and statistical estimation.

Other Law Entrance Exams at a Glance

AILET

Paper Pattern	Online & MCQ	150 Ques.	90 minutes	+1	- 0.25
Subject	English	Current Affairs & GK	Maths	Logical Reasoning	Legal Reasoning
Weightage	35	35	10	35	35

NATIONAL LAW UNIVERSITY, DELHI



SYMBIOSIS LAW ADMISSION TEST

Symbiosis Law School - Pune , Noida, Hyderabad

Paper Pattern	Online & MCQ	75 Questions	75 minutes	+1	0
Subject	Reading Comprehension	GK	Analytical Reasoning	Logical Reasoning	Legal Reasoning
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15

SLAT

ABOUT LAW ENTRANCE EXAMS

MH CET

Paper Pattern	Online & MCQ	150 Questions	120 minutes	+1	0
Subject	English	GK	Maths	Logical Reasoning	Legal Aptitude
Weightage	30	30	10	40	40

MAHARASHTRA COMMON ADMISSION TEST

Law Schools of Maharashtra including ILS, Pune & GLC etc

LAW SCHOOL ADMISSION TEST

Jindal Global Law School and others.

Paper Pattern	Online & MCQ	115 Questions	2 hour 55 min	0	
Subject	Reading Comprehension	Analytical Reasoning	Logical Reasoning 1	Logical Reasoning 2	Variable
Weightage	24	23	22	23	23

LSAT

NIRMA- Ahmedabad, NMIMS- Mumbai, IPU-Delhi admission is based on the inter se All India merit rank of CLAT.

WINNERS CHOOSE VIDHIGYA

VIDHIGYA is what CLAT
exam preps should be



1

One Country
One Centre
Focused Approach



Biggest & Full Time
Faculty Team



Highest Selection Ratio
from Classroom Programs



Highest Mocks & Modules
for CLAT (new pattern)



Best in class
Infrastructure & Library

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

What is the time frame of legal education?

There are two formats of legal education. The traditional one espouses a three year graduation, followed by a three year degree in law. The National Law Schools, however, speak of a five-year integrated program, the most commonly awarded degree being B.A. LL.B. (Hons.).

Is there any minimum cut-off CLAT score prescribed for admission in any NLU?

NO. There is no minimum cut-off score prescribed. Candidature of every candidate shall be considered in their respective category, in order of merit.

Is there any reservation available on domicile basis in any of the LAW school?

Yes, some of the participating Law Universities have provision of domicile based reservations.

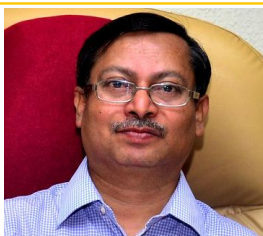
I want admission in a particular National Law University only. What should I do ?

At the time of filling the form, you can choose the order of preference of the NLUs. The NLU that you'll be allotted is based on your marks and preference list.

Is there any arrangement for Specially-Abled Persons (SAPs)?

Yes, the specially-abled persons can choose either to arrange for his/ her own scribe or to make a request to the CLAT office to provide one for them. In the case of the first option, candidates will need to download the scribe declaration form at the time of filling the CLAT application form. Moreover, the SAPs will be entitled to a compensatory time of 40 minutes.

PARENTS SPEAK



Mr. Neerav Kumar Mallick
Commissioner
(GST and Customs), Indore
(Father of Anirudh Mallick)

My son Anirudh Mallick attended the classes for CLAT exams last year at Vidhigya. I am extremely happy at the emotional and technical support provided by the Vidhigya team, the student counsellor and above all Bahul Sir's personal attention. Not only did he motivate the student but encouraged him to dream big and achieve his potential going to the extent of presenting all students with a copy of Bhagwad Gita. I wish all the best to VIDHIGYA team and hope they will continue this wonderful work.



Ms. Latika Pandey
Educator
Mother of Aura Pandey,
NLIU Bhopal 2018)

I remember, when my daughter, poorly prepared by an institute, I would not like to name, was about to take her first attempt at CLAT in 2017, someone at the entrance of her examination centre was giving booklet of Vidhigya. Later when Aura returned after the exam, sitting disappointed at the back of the car, she opened the booklet. She observed that the booklet had some revision material with special emphasis on a list of legal maxims which constituted a considerable chunk of the paper, around 14 marks, which meant if she had done the booklet alone, things could have been different. When we decided on a drop, we chose this class for its brilliant insight. Throughout the year, I saw a positive change in my daughter. Bahul sir and other mentors, apart from the academic preparation, made sure she remained positive and that the weight of the drop year did not crush her. Her selection the next year took me back to my conversation with Bahul sir at the time of her admission where he had promised to speak only through his work, and his work did talk, louder than anything. Vidhigya is not a coaching class alone, it is a journey in self-discovery under the guidance of an expert who has been there.



Mr. Ajay Pendum
Additional Session(District)
Judge, Manawar, Dhar
(Father of Vaidehi Pendum,
NLU- Delhi 2018)

With the new pattern and entrance exam for law course, brings that much difficulty and being already in this field, still unaware of that difficult level which student faces as i never went through such process. Here, VIDHIGYA has played a vital role in helping and guiding my daughter throughout her journey of CLAT and simultaneously bringing best out of her. Best Teachers can be find here who were so dedicated and had work along with her to achieve her goal and finally made her placed in NLU-D. This wasn't possible without the efforts that VIDHIGYA and team has put.Thank you VIDHIGYA and Team for being a part of her growth.



Dr. Kousik Guhathakurta
Associate Professor,
IIM Indore (Father of Adrija
Guhathakurta,NLU-O 2019)

As parents we are happy to have landed in Vidighya to help our daughter prepare for CLAT 2019. To my pleasant surprise, I found Vidhigya to be a rare coaching institute where the process is given as much importance as results. They created an ambience where the children were motivated to accept learning as a way of living. We are, of course, happy that our daughter, Adrija 'cracked CLAT'. But we are happier to see her emerge as a more confident and mature young lady, ready to take on the real world out there.



Mr. Ajay Verma
Civil Servant (Father of Lavesh
Verma, NLU- Delhi 2018)

Vidhigya is the best law coaching Institute in the central India. The faculty of Vidhigya is marvellous and unbeatable.

As the right path is important for success and Vidhigya is the right path to get in the top NLUs

Thanks and feel proud about Vidhigya and Baahul sir!!



Mrs. Poonam Sawlani
(Mother of Chelsea Sawlani,
NLU Delhi 2018)

We are really proud of our daughter and team Vidhigya. She has been able to crack AILET only because of the valuable guidance of her mentors as Vidhigya. For us **Vidhigya is not just a another coaching, it is an institution that has given our daughter the platform to grow**

The environment there is conducive for learning and overall development of children. We are thankful to the entire team for their relentless efforts.



Ms. Shail Agrawal
Educator
(Mother of Ahna Agrawal,
NIRMA 2017)

My daughter Ahna was very lucky to have the guidance from the best pool of faculties in the town. The support & study material received by her was well structured, it fulfilled her dream of studying in one the best law universities of the country. The upshot of Ahna's experience at Vidhigya was that she came out as a contended, confident and a very happy student. She was well trained to face the competitive exams mentally and psychologically too. The best came a week before exams when she was nervous and anxious, a personal touch by respected Kala Mohan mam, two words of motivation from Bahul sir 'You can' was enough to vanquish all her fears, anxiety and nervousness.



Mr. Sanjay Chourasia
Businessman, Indore
(Father of Muskan Chourasia,
NLIU Bhopal 2019)

Vidhigya has been instrumental in shaping my daughter's career. She got the right guidance and each faculty has been a constant pillar of support for her. Personal doubt clearing sessions and analysis of each, and every mock makes VIDHIGYA stand out. I am grateful to team VIDHIGYA for their individual attention towards every child.

I am thankful to VIDHIGYA not only for selection in CLAT but also for her overall development.



Mr. Sandeep Sisodia
Professional, Indore
(Father of Siddharth Sisodia,
NLIU Bhopal 2019)

विधिज्ञ के साथ 2 वर्ष की कोचिंग में बेटे सिद्धार्थ को ना सिर्फ क्लास के लिए मार्गदर्शन मिला परंतु 11वीं एवं 12वीं के में सब्जेक्ट का चयन करने में एवं स्कूल के साथ क्लास के लिए टाइम मैनेजमेंट के लिए भी पर्सनल काउंसलिंग मिली . सभी शिक्षक गण अपने विषयों में दक्ष एवं ज्ञानवान है . शिक्षक गण विद्यार्थियों के बौद्धिक विकास हेतु पूर्णता समर्पित रहते हैं विद्या का कोर्स मैटेरियल उच्चतर है इसी कारण से बेटे का CLAT - एनएलआईयू भोपाल में चयन हुआ . विधिज्ञ परिवार का तहे दिल से आभार प्रकट करता हूं



Baby & Daisy B. Mathew Ji
Professional, Indore
(Father of Jerrin Mathew,
NLSIU Bengaluru 2019)

We are delighted to tell everyone Jerrin's success story of cracking CLAT. It is the success story of our and Vidhigya as it is of Jerrin. We enrolled him for one year course programme along with 12th. We were at first little hesitant with this move but then he soon adapted and moulded himself to the schedule. Had it not been for Vidhigya and its versatile pedagogy and also the Grace of Almighty, our son wouldn't have made it to NLS Bangalore & NLU Delhi. We thank Baahul Sir and his team for moulding him to what he is today. With lot of thanks.

Go BIG or Go Home



The paternal guidance of faculty and 24*7 vigilance on my performance made this place best to prepare for Life and Law. Thanks for moulding me to what I am today.

A NLSITE and
a proud Vidhigyan



Vidhigya supported me in all walks of life. The journey began with interactive learning provided by the faculty was what actually required.

This success is dedicated to Vidhigya family. A lot of thanks to all the teachers of Vidhigya.

Vidhigya hai toh
Sambhav Hai.



Vidhigya gave me precision,
impetus, determination, correct
approach to crack all Exams.

Vidhigya is like a family.
The hardwork faculty puts
in to make us better version
of ourselves is remarkable.



VIDHIGYA

“The environment at Vidhigya is very positive and conducive to learning. Above everything, they have created an institution that is dedicated towards excellence and that is visible through the results as well. My experience at Vidhigya had been one of great learning, one that I would cherish forever.”



Chelsea Sawlani
NLU Delhi, 2018
Choithram School, Indore

“Many students enter Vidhigya with millions of dreams and teachers at Vidhigya know that every dream counts. I learnt many things, not only CLAT, but all the moments spent here with all the teachers will remain forever in our memories.”



Harshit Agnihotri
NLIU BHOPAL, 2019
Govt. Excellence School, Rewa

“VIDHIGYA is sole responsible for whatever I learnt about life & law during a year. All the teachers here are very supportive. My success belongs to all the teachers at Vidhigya.”



Akshita Dhawan
NLIU BHOPAL, 19
St. Raphael's School

“Teachers at VIDHIGYA are like parents, over 2 years it has become integral part of my life. VIDHIGYA has helped me to evolve as a better person.”



Sushmita Sharma
RMNLU Lucknow, 2019
Sri Sathya Sai Vidhya Vihar, Indore

“Competition is for those who belong to the same class but VIDHIGYA is a class apart. The values VIDHIGYA possesses are priceless and I haven't found it anywhere. "Concern", "Attention", "Unbiased dedication" are among the biggest fortes of this institution. I'm so grateful to VIDHIGYA for just "everything"”



Manvi Mehta
HNLU Raipur, 2019
St. Raphael's School, Indore

VIDHIGYA



73 NLU SELECTIONS IN 2019

Every 3rd Vidhigyan (1yr) is in NLU.
Highest genuine selections from
Classroom Program



ALL FULL TIME FACULTY

Biggest CLAT Faculty team of Central
India is full time available at Vidhigya
Campus to help students individually



PERSONALISED ATTENTION

As Faculty and Directors are always
available from 10:00-8:00, they pay
equal attention to each & every student



HIGHEST NO. OF TEACHING HOURS & DAYS

At Vidhigya, we provide planned & regular
Classes & Test. We provide highest no. of
teaching hours in all our program.



ONE CITY . ONE CENTRE. FOCUSED APPROACH FOR CLAT



UPDATED CONTENT

Highest No. of Mocks & Modules for
CLAT new pattern



BEST IN CLASS INFRASTRUCTURE

Biggest Library in Central India with
hundreds of Books open for 10 hours a day,
Guidance & Counselling Cell for mental &
emotional well being



LAWgical Lectures for Students by Legends in
the industry of Law, to motivate students.



OTHER INSTITUTES



10 NLU SELECTIONS IN 2019

Published results of students who have not
studied at their Indore centre in 2019,
misleading aspirants, which is not ethical



PARACHUTE FACULTY

Faculty keep on travelling from one
centre to another, therefore individual
attention & doubt clearing is not effective



As faculty & Director cannot focus on one
centre because they run many centres in
other cities, they are not present for
entire year at one place, students meet
them for restricted days



Other institutes provide only 2-3 days
classes in a week, & test once a month
due to which student lose focus & zeal
for CLAT.



MANY CITIES. MANY CENTRES.
Multiple courses, not focused
only upon CLAT Preparation



LIMITED CONTENT FOR CLAT
NEW PATTERN



At other institute, student go for just 1:30
hours for classes, neither they have facility
to sit in library nor mental & emotional
support which is required during
preparing for exams



No such lectures are arranged.

**FROM 10 IN THE MORNING TILL 8 AT NIGHT
COMPLETE FOCUS ON CLAT PREPARATION**



Upgrade your CLAT Preps.

with India's most robust online platform



VIDHIGYA LIVE ONLINE PROGRAMMES



**VIDHIGYA ONLINE
CLAT CLASSROOM**



**VIDHIGYA OFFLINE
CLAT CLASSROOM**

VIDHIGYA OFFLINE CLASSROOM READY WITH NEW NORMS

- Every batch will have 50% strength
- Mask available for students.
- Students will sit on alternate benches
- After every session Classrooms will be sanitised

VIDHIGYA ASPIRE

2 years CLAT program for CLASS XI



**ONLINE
& OFFLINE
LIVE CLASSES**



570
**Highest Hours of
Teaching**



92
**Highest No.
of Booklets**



90
**Full Length
Mock Test**



**Most Experienced
Full time Faculty
Team at 1 centre**



**Personal Guidance for
Time Management for
CLAT & Class XI & XII**

Excel in CLAT & Class XI & XII with Vidhigya Session Schedule

Classroom Days - Monday, Wednesday, Friday

Classroom Time - 6:00-8:00 p.m.

Mentorship - 10:00 am -8:00 pm - Open access to library & mentors' guidance

FAQs ABOUT VIDHIGYA ASPIRE

1. Which stream should I choose in Class XI & XII , if I want to pursue Career in Law?

You can choose any stream in class XI & XII if you want to pursue a career in law. Students of all streams are eligible to appear for CLAT & other Law Entrance Examination. You should choose the stream according to your aptitude.

- If a child has interest in Social Science , and loves to understand and learn History , Geography and Political Science— he should opt for humanities.
- If a child loves to do practical subject and is interested to solve logical and mathematics problems, he can opt for commerce. (choosing humanities gives a child to manage time well for school and CLAT)
- If a child wishes to opt for science, he can as 70% of students who had joined NLSIU in past years were from Science Stream.

Legal education is just not about learning unlimited legal maxims and cases. The key attribute of a person pursuing legal career should be logical thinking as Law in itself is based on aptitude and reasoning.

2. What is the right class to start preparing for CLAT?

11th is the best to begin CLAT preps, students can excel in 12th Boards and CLAT exam simultaneously.

A student needs to prepare for CLAT exam in 3 phases “Learn, Practice & Test”

- Learning phase starts in classroom, with concepts and class sheets.
- An early start gives you flexibility of syllabus completion in Class XI
- As learning phase completes you enter into practise mode.
- More practice and early identification of strengths and weakness, gives you more time to work on you weakness.
- You will feel more relaxed when you start Class XII since two major phases of preparation will be over.

3. How to manage CLAT and school exams?

Consistency is the key to succeed in CLAT. Vidhigya helps you manage time by planning your schedule, adhering to which you can excel in both School and CLAT enjoy the learning process.

VIDHIGYA TARGET

1 year CLAT program for CLASS XII



**ONLINE
& OFFLINE
LIVE CLASSES**



340
Highest Hours of
Teaching



80
Highest No.
of Booklets



80
Full Length
Mock Test



Most Experienced
Full time Faculty
Team at 1 centre



Personal Guidance for
Time Management for
CLAT & Class XII

Excel in CLAT & Class XII with Vidhigya Session Schedule

Classroom Days - Monday, Wednesday, Friday, Saturday

Classroom Time - 6:00-8:00 p.m.

Mentorship - 10:00 am -8:00 pm - Open access to library & mentors' guidance

FAQs ABOUT VIDHIGYA TARGET

Can I prepare simultaneously for Boards and CLAT?

Our experience indicates that the ratio of students who have just passed out and students who have dropped a year is 50:50 or thereabouts. Mentors @ Vidhigya help you to draw a schedule, adhering to which you can excel in both the Exams. Stay Consistent, consistency is the key to succeed in CLAT.

VIDHIGYA VISION

1 year CLAT program after CLASS XII (for Re-takers)



**ONLINE
& OFFLINE
LIVE CLASSES**



800+
Highest Hours of
Teaching



80
Highest No.
of Booklets



80
Full Length
Mock Test



Most Experienced
Full time Faculty
Team at 1 centre



Personal Guidance for
strategy & time
management

Excel in CLAT with highest hours of Teaching & Mentoring

Classroom - 4 hours a day, 5 days a week

Mentorship - 10:00 am -8:00 pm - Open access to library & mentors' guidance

FAQs ABOUT VIDHIGYA VISION

Should I plan to take a drop for CLAT ?

In our opinion, 'just degrees' have lost relevance in the recent times. To ensure good placement and a glorious career in law, it is imperative for you to study law from the best law schools of the country. Consider drop year as a one year investment in your career. Better to invest an year and develop skillset for CLAT rather than compromising with any law school and regretting later.



VIDHIGYA JURIS

Civil Judge Preparation

Vidhigya Juris program is designed to prepare for judicial service examination. Our robust online platform, test series and exhaustive classroom sessions prepare students for Civil Judge Junior Division. The core of any good lawyer is judged from his mastery over the law subjects. Our expertise is to prepare students pursuing LL.B with sufficient knowledge for a suitable career in legal field & to crack Judicial Services. Our faculty team includes pool of retired Judges and experienced teachers with dynamic teaching pedagogy.

VIDHIGYA GRAND MASTERS

CLAT LL.M Preparation



Vidhigya Grand Masters program is designed to prepare the students for post graduation in Law with any one of the chosen subjects like Criminal, Constitution, Environment, Intellectual Property Rights etc. A few PSU had signed a MOU with CLAT that allow them to use CLAT score of PG students for recruitment as Law officers.

If you have a dream, we are the way.



**Highest Hours of
Teaching**



**Highest No. of Booklets
& Mock Tests**



Best Faculty Team



**Interview
Preparation**



**Biggest Infrastructure
in Central India**



Biggest Library



6000 + Questions

विधिज्ञ के पांच स्टूडेंट्स एआइआर 500 में

विधिज्ञ क्लैट द्यूटोरियल के स्टूडेंट्स का शानदार प्रदर्शन 2018 में भी जारी रहा। यहां के पांच स्टूडेंट्स ऑल इंडिया रैंकिंग 500 के अंदर रहे। संस्थान की और पांडे ने 125 अंकों के साथ

एआइआर 286 हासिल की। हिमांशी महाजन को 359, चेतिस्या सावलानी को 422, उद्धव तिवारी को 469 और अलंकार भटनगर को 481वां रैंक मिला।

CLAT results: Only 6 manage AIR rank

TIMES NEWS NETWORK

Indore: The results of Common Law Admission Test (CLAT) were declared on Thursday and it was only consistent hard work that helped Raajash Kulmi, a resident of Indore, secure All India Rank (AIR) 129 by scoring 131.25 marks in his first attempt. Six students of Indore could manage All India Rank for the 19 National Law Universities (NLU) across India. There are many other law universities such as Narsee Munjee College and Nirma University too that consider CLAT score for admission.

The 17-year-old added, "I was sure about my result. It was a 15-month preparation. I am glad I could crack this exam. I had been concentrating on both boards and this competitive exam. I am rooting for NLU Hyderabad. Jodhpur will be my second preference." Another student of Indore, Poorvi Rai, who had taken a drop of one year, secured AIR 247. "I am extremely overwhelmed to be able to crack this exam, I am expecting to get into NLU Kolkata and my second choice will be Bhopal. Let's see when the merit list comes out," she said.

The other five aspirants from Indore, who could manage to crack CLAT with All India Rank includes Aura Pandey ranked 286 with a score of 125, Himanshi Mahajan with 123.5 marks secured 359 rank, Chetisa Savlani secured 422 rank with 122 marks in her first attempt, Uddhav Tiwari 469 rank with 121.5 marks and Alankar Bhatnagar secured 481 rank with 121 marks.

The merit list is expected to be out on June 6.



LAW SUMMIT 2019



Guiding law aspirants

Law Summit 2019 was organised in Indore for CLAT aspirants to help them excel in this prestigious exam.

rich their knowledge with expert inputs. The Times of India, in association with Vidhigya, organised the Law Summit 2019 on March 17 at KVM Bhawan, Vijay Nagar, Indore.

Over 700 students attended the summit along with their parents. Eminent academicians, lawyers and law aspirants from Mathura Prakash, Maharashtra and Delhi attended the event.

The Law Summit 2019 started with a mock test that was scheduled for 120 minutes. Over 225 students participated in this test.

On the occasion, keynote speakers shared their valuable experience with the students. The chief guest of the event was Dr. R Venkata Rao, Vice-Chancellor, National Law School of India University, Bengaluru.

The top firm took part in the summit.

intelligence for one to succeed in the profession of law. She further suggested effective techniques to help the students to achieve excellence in law entrance exams.

The third expert session was named as "Toppers Talk". It was hosted by Chetisa Savlani, student of CLAT and All India Rank 129. While sharing her secret to success, she said that studying early and sharing social media for a year helped her achieve success in this competitive exam. She shared the strategies which helped her to succeed in exams like CLAT, Chetisa said.

The preparation for CLAT is not about the number of mock tests you write or the number of books you have. But it is highly dependent on the analysis of mock test compared with the constant patience of mentors that help you achieve success in CLAT and All India Rank exams.

During the summit, Aura Pandey, a student from The

CONSUMER CONNECT INITIATIVE

Legal Education & Awareness Initiative

Presented by VIDHIGYA CLAT Tutorials

in association with THE TIMES OF INDIA

Be LawGical

Legal Education & Awareness Initiative

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VIDHIGYA IN NEWS

It's a great institution to prepare for a glorious career in law

Central India's Premier Institute solely dedicated for CLAT Preparation

PRODUCER OF 1 INDORE CLAT CITY RANK

Unmatched Faculty Team

88% Online Test

24x7 Support

100% Placement

100% Success Rate

100% Satisfaction

100% Results

100% Quality

100% Value

100% Time

100% Effort

100% Dedication

100% Commitment

100% Passion

100% Hardwork

100% Persistence

100% Determination

100% Focus

100% Concentration

100% Discipline

100% Organization

100% Management

100% Leadership

100% Teamwork

100% Cooperation

100% Communication

100% Interaction

100% Collaboration

100% Partnership

100% Alliance

100% Coalition

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100% Community

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100% Team

100% Squad

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100% Division

100% Department

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Gauge your Legal Acumen with

Vidhigya LAW Aptitude Test

(A unique initiative by Vidhigya to help a law aspirant assessing aptitude for law)

Duration: 30 Minutes		No. of Questions: 40	Maximum Marks: 40
Section A:	English Language	Q. 1 to 10	10 Questions, 1 mark each
Section B:	Current Affairs with GK	Q. 11 to 20	10 Questions, 1 mark each
Section C:	Legal Reasoning	Q. 21 to 28	8 Questions, 1 mark each
Section D:	Logical Reasoning	Q. 29 to 36	8 Questions, 1 mark each
Section E:	Quantitative Techniques	Q. 37 to 40	4 Questions, 1 mark each

Section A - English Language**Directions (1-5): Read the given passage carefully and attempt the questions that follow.**

The work that Gandhiji had taken up was not only regarding the achievement of political freedom but also the establishment of a new social order based on truth and non-violence, unity and peace, equality and universal brotherhood and maximum freedom for all. This unfinished part of his experiment was perhaps even more difficult to achieve than the achievement of political freedom. In the political struggle, the fight was against a foreign power and all one could do was either join it or wish it success and give it his/her moral support. In establishing a social order on this pattern, there was a strong possibility of a conflict arising between diverse groups and classes of our own people. Experience shows that man values his possessions even more than his life because in the former, he sees the means for perpetuation and survival of his descendants even after his body is reduced to ashes. A new order cannot be established without radically changing the mind and attitude of men towards property and, at some stage or the other, the 'haves' have to yield place to the 'have-nots'. We have seen, in our time, attempts to achieve a kind of egalitarian society and the picture of it after it was achieved. But this was done, by and large, through the use of physical force. In the ultimate analysis it is difficult, if not impossible, to say that the instinct to possess has been rooted out or that it will not reappear in an even worse form under a different guise. It may even be that, like a gas kept confined within containers under great pressure, or water held back by a big dam, once the barrier breaks, the reaction will one day sweep back with a violence equal in extent and intensity to what was used to establish and maintain the outward egalitarian form. This enforced egalitarianism contains, in its bosom, the seed of its own destruction. The root cause of class conflict is possessiveness or the acquisitive instinct. So long as the ideal that is to be achieved is one of securing the maximum material satisfaction, possessiveness is neither suppressed nor eliminated but grows on what it feeds. Nor does it cease to be possessiveness, whether it is confined to only a few or is shared by many.

If egalitarianism is to endure, it has to be based not on the possession of the maximum material goods by a few or by all but on voluntary, enlightened renunciation of those goods, which cannot be shared by others or can be enjoyed only at the expense of others. This calls for substitution of material values by purely spiritual ones. The paradise of material satisfaction, which is sometimes equated with progress these days, spells neither peace nor progress. Mahatma Gandhi has shown us how the acquisitive instinct inherent in man can be transmuted by the adoption of the ideal of trusteeship by those who 'have' for the benefit of all those who 'have not' so that, instead of leading to exploitation and conflict, it would become a means and incentive for the amelioration and progress of society respectively.

1. According to the passage, egalitarianism will not survive if

- (a) It is based on voluntary renunciation (b) It is achieved by resorting to physical force
(c) Underprivileged people are not involved in its establishment. (d) People's outlook towards it is not radically changed.

2. According to the passage, why does man value his possessions more than his life?

- (a) He has inherent desire to share his possession with others.
(b) He is endowed with the possessive instinct.
(c) Only his possession helps him earn love and respect from his descendants.
(d) Through his possessions, he can preserve his name even after his death.

3. According to the passage, which was the unfinished part of Gandhi's experiment?

- (a) Educating people to avoid class conflict.
(b) Achieving total political freedom for the country
(c) Establishment of an egalitarian society
(d) Radically changing the mind and attitude of men towards truth and non-violence.

4. Which of the following statements is 'not true' in the context of the passage?

- (a) True egalitarianism can be achieved by giving up one's possessions under compulsion.
- (b) Man values his life more than his possessions.
- (c) Possessive instinct is a natural desire of human beings
- (d) In the political struggle, the fight was against alien rule.

5. According to the passage, true egalitarianism will last only if

- (a) It is thrust upon people.
- (b) It is based on truth and non-violence.
- (c) People inculcate spiritual values instead of material values
- (d) 'Haves' and 'have-nots' live together peacefully

Directions (6-7): In each of the questions below, one word is highlighted. Choose the option corresponding to the word, which means the opposite as the highlighted word.

6. He was such a glutton that it is no surprise that as he aged, he became **corpulent**.

- (a) plump
- (b) unattractive
- (c) emaciated
- (d) succulent

7. In the fancy dress competition all, the kids were **masqueraded** or dressed in masks.

- (a) unveiled
- (b) deceived
- (c) embellished
- (d) disguised

Directions (8-10): Identify the meaning of the idioms

8. *a penny for your thoughts.*

- (a) Want to know what the other person is thinking about
- (b) Your idea is worth a penny
- (c) Do not day dream
- (d) Be careful while thinking

9. *bread always falls on the buttered side*

- (a) when things go wrong, they go completely wrong
- (b) to miss on your source of money
- (c) to eat a meal with wrong person
- (d) to do something that upsets your friends

10. *eat humble pie*

- (a) to apologize humbly
- (b) to eat the food served
- (c) take one's share of a fortune
- (d) to compromise with someone

Section B-Current Affairs

For Que. 11-15: Supreme Court of India

India attained independence in 1947 and the Constitution of India was enforced on 26 January 1950, also celebrated as Republic Day. The Constitution of India was made by the Constituent Assembly, which enacted and adopted the Constitution on _____ (date), which is also celebrated as 'Constitution Day'. It marked the beginning of a democratic regime on the principle of Universal Adult Franchise. Further, it was on January 26, 1950 the Supreme Court of India came into existence. The transition from the Federal Court to the Supreme Court of India (SCI) was seamless. _____ became the first Chief Justice of India. It is often said that the Supreme Court of India exercises jurisdiction far greater than that of any comparable court in the world. The original Indian Constitution envisaged a Supreme Court with a Chief Justice and seven puisne judges, while empowering the Parliament to increase the number of judges. Subsequently, the Parliament increased the number of judges to 12 in 1956, 14 in 1960, 18 in 1978, 26 in 1986, and 31 in 2008. The number of judges in the Supreme Court was increased to 34 by virtue of the Supreme Court (Number of Judges) Amendment Act, 2019. The Supreme Court has a threefold jurisdiction. As a federal court, it has exclusive original jurisdiction in any dispute arising between the Government of India and one or more states between the Government of India and any state or states on one side and one or more states on the other or between two or more states. As an appellate court, the Supreme Court of India can hear appeals from the State High Courts on civil, criminal and constitutional matters. The Supreme Court has also a very wide appellate jurisdiction in as much as it has the discretion to grant special leave to appeal under Article 136 of the Constitution from any judgment, decree, determination, sentence or order in any cause or matter passed or made by any court or tribunal in the territory of India. In addition, the Supreme Court hears a number of statutory appeals provided under separate legislations. The Supreme Court has special advisory jurisdiction in matters, which may specifically be referred to it by the President of India under Article 143 of the Constitution. Furthermore, the Supreme Court has a concurrent original jurisdiction along with the High Courts, for the enforcement of fundamental rights under Article 32 of the Constitution of India.

11. Who is first Chief Justice of Independent India?

- (a) Aziz Mushabber Ahmadi (b) Adarsh Sein Anand (c) H. J. Kania (d) B. N. Srikrishna

12. The Indian Constitution on the day of its enforcement provided for _____ (years) as voting age for Lok Sabha and State Legislative Assembly elections.

- (a) 18 (b) 16 (c) 21 (d) 20

13. Under the Indian Constitution, if your fundamental rights are violated, you may approach which court for remedy?

- (a) Supreme Court (b) High Court (c) District Court (d) Either (a) or (b)

14. The constitution of India was made by the Constituent Assembly. Who was the first elected chairperson of the Constituent assembly?

- (a) Dr. Rajendra Prasad (b) Dr. B R Ambedkar (c) Mr. Jawaharlal Nehru (d) Dr. Sacchidanand Sinha

15. The Constituent Assembly had a committee called drafting committee which was responsible for the drafting of Indian Constitution. Who was the chairperson of the drafting committee?

- (a) Dr. Rajendra Prasad (b) Dr. B R Ambedkar (c) Dr. K.M. Munshi (d) Prof. K.C Wheare

For Que. 16-20

The International Court of Justice

The United Nations Charter established the International Court of Justice (ICJ) in _____ (year) and it started working in April 1946. This is the main judicial body of the United Nations (UN). The headquarters of the International Court is in the Peace Palace in _____ (place). The ICJ is hearing the case of detained Kulbhushan Jadhav in Pakistan on charges of espionage. Since the Pakistan court had sentenced to death to Kulbhushan Jadhav on the charge of espionage, in protest against this judgement India has filed a lawsuit in the International Court of justice.

International Court of justice is one of the six principal organs of the United Nations (UN), it is the only one organ of UN which is not located in New York (United States of America).

The Court's role is to settle, in accordance with international law, legal disputes submitted to it by States and to give advisory opinions on legal questions referred to it by authorized United Nations organs and specialized agencies.

The Court is composed of 15 judges, who are elected for terms of office of nine years by the United Nations General Assembly and the Security Council. It is assisted by a Registry, its administrative organ. Its official languages are English and French

It consists of 15 judges—no two of whom may be nationals of the same state- who are elected to nine-year terms by majority votes in the UN General Assembly and the Security Council. The judges, one-third of whom are elected every three years, are eligible for re-election. The judges elect their own president and vice president, each of whom serve a three-year term, and can appoint administrative personnel as necessary.

Jurisdiction of ICJ

- It decides, in accordance with international law, disputes of a legal nature that are submitted to it by States (jurisdiction in contentious cases).
- It gives advisory opinions on legal questions at the request of the organs of the United Nations or specialized agencies authorized to make such a request (advisory jurisdiction).

16. The present President of ICJ is Abdulqawi Ahmed Yusuf and the present Vice-President of ICJ is Xue Hanqin. They hail from _____ countries respectively.

- (a) Saudi Arabia & China (b) South Africa & Japan (c) Somalia & China (d) South Africa & South Korea

17. Where are the Headquarters of ICJ?

- (a) Washington (b) Geneva (c) The Hague (d) Paris

18. Who was the Indian counsel (advocate) who represented India in Kulbhushan Jadhav's case at ICJ?

- (a) Mr. K K Venugopal (b) Mr. Fali S Nariman (c) Mr. Soli Sorabjee (d) Mr. Harish Salve

19. Who was the first Indian Judge at the ICJ?

- (a) Mr. B. N Rau (b) Mr. Dalveer Bhandari (c) Mr. Nagendra Singh (d) None of the above

20. Who was the present Indian Judge at the ICJ?

- (a) Mr. B. N Rau (b) Mr. Dalveer Bhandari (c) Mr. Nagendra Singh (d) Mr. R S Pathak

Section C-Legal Reasoning

Directions: Read the following passages carefully and mark the most appropriate answer based on your interpretation of the passage. Remember that in answering the following questions, you should not rely on your prior legal knowledge.

Passage for Comprehension – I

(For Ques. 21 – 24)

Fundamental rights are the most important rights available to people in our country. One such fundamental right available to us is the right to equality. Right to equality states that the state shall not discriminate between any persons within the territory of India on grounds of religion, race, caste, sex, or place of birth.

The phrase “equality before law” finds a place in all written constitutions that guarantees fundamental rights. All citizens irrespective of birth, religion, sex, or race are equal before law; that is to say, there shall not be any arbitrary discrimination between one citizen or class of citizens and another. All citizens shall, as human persons, be held equal before law. All inhabitants of the republic are assured equality before the laws.

However, there is one important thing to note. Equality can always be between two equals. At no time can same treatment between two different unequal people be termed as equality. Like should be treated alike. The right to sue and be sued, to prosecute and be prosecuted for the same kind of action should be same for all citizens of full age and understanding without distinctions of race, religion, wealth, social status or political influence.

Explanation:

The term “State” includes:

- The Government and Parliament of India and
- The Government and Legislature of each of States

21. Salma Khan is a resident of Indore. He wants to apply for a government job opening at ‘Being Animal’ in Dewas but in the notification, it has been stated that only people who are residents of Dewas can apply for the job as that job required local acquaintance. Can Salma claim that his right to equality has been violated?

- (a) No because he alone is not discriminated, every person from Indore is discriminated.
- (b) No because a person can be discriminated on the basis of residence.
- (c) Yes because he has been discriminated on the basis of place of birth.
- (d) No because Salma Khan has freedom to apply for the other jobs.

22. Case 1: A was driving his Maruti 800 car. While passing from a colony and driving within speed limit, a boy named B suddenly came out of nowhere in front of A’s car. A had no time to react and as a result the car hit B and B died on the spot.

Case 2: X was driving his BMW car. He was under the influence of alcohol and was driving above the speed limit. Under this influence he hit a pedestrian Y which resulted in the instant death of Y.

Can A and X be given the same punishment?

- (a) Yes as both the accidents happened through a car and both the accidents resulted in the death of the person who was hit by the car.
- (b) Yes as in both the cases the final result was death of the person who was hit by the car.
- (c) No as one of them was rich and one was poor (can be told by their car: Maruti 800 and BMW)
- (d) No as one was drunk and one was not meaning both were not in the same circumstance.

23. A government school in the outskirts of Indore formulates a policy whereby boys will be allowed 12 sports periods every week while girls would get only 6. The girls are angry as they also want equal number of sports periods. Can the girls claim that their fundamental right of equality is violated?

- (a) Yes as simply giving more or less sports periods on the basis of gender is discriminatory.
- (b) No as boys require more physical activity through the week.
- (c) No as girls would be better off studying in that time as in our country sports as future for girls is not very attractive.
- (d) No as girls have been given 6 classes which means they have average of 1 class a day which is sufficient. What others are getting cannot be a ground for claiming more.

24. In a political rally, a Muslim man was caught with firecrackers. A week ago, a Hindu man was also caught in a political rally along with firecrackers. Both the Muslim and the Hindu were caught with almost equal amount of firecrackers and the rest of their story is almost entirely same. The Hindu man was asked to pay a fine of Rs. 1000. What will the Muslim man be asked to do?

- (a) Pay a fine of Rs. 100
- (b) Pay a fine of Rs. 1000
- (c) Imprisoned for 7 days
- (d) Either pay fine of Rs. 1000 or go to jail for 10 days.

Passage for Comprehension – II**(For Ques. 25 – 28)**

During ancient era theft was a major crime. Theft is one of the oldest known crimes, which affected a large number of people. We generally describe theft to be the act of stealing property belonging to somebody else. However, requirements for an act to constitute a theft provided a few more technicalities under the statutory law of India.

Theft means dishonestly moving any movable property out of the possession of a person. This taking must always be without the concerned person's consent. Therefore, in order to constitute theft, the following conditions must be complied:

- The offender must have a dishonest intention to take property;
- The property in question must always be a movable property and not immovable;
- The offender must take the property out of the other person's possession without consent; and
- The offender must move the property to complete its taking.

All of these requirements must exist in order to complete the offence of theft. If anyone of the prescribed condition is missing, the offender is not guilty of theft. One must note that possession and ownership is not the same thing.

25. Rishi Raj has a black Tommy Hilfiger wallet. One day he sees a similar black wallet lying on his roommate Pragalb's study table. Rishi picks up the wallet thinking it was his. Pragalb wants to sue him for the theft of his wallet.

Whether Rishi will be liable?

- (a) Rishi Raj is liable for theft as he took the wallet without permission.
- (b) Rishi Raj is not liable as Pragalb is his roommate and such mistakes are common.
- (c) Rishi Raj is not liable for theft as he genuinely mistook the wallet to be his own.
- (d) Rishi Raj is liable as he should be more careful in such situations.

26. Sahir, a circus entertainer trained in magic and acrobatics, decides to conduct a raid on a corrupt bank in Indore that ruined his father. Sahir while reaching the bank had seen an unattended package lying outside the bank at the bank entrance. Rather than looting the bank, he instead picked up that package as it looked lucrative. He left for his home.

Whether Sahir has committed theft?

- (a) No, as the package was unattended.
- (b) Yes, as he took away the package without anyone's permission.
- (c) No, as his intention was to commit theft on bank but he did not intend to take the package.
- (d) No, as his intention was to cause harm to the bank that did wrong to him therefore his intention was not dishonest.

27. Ronaldo was best friends with Messi. One fine day, Ronaldo was in need of some urgent money so he asked Messi for Rs. 15,000. Messi agreed to lend him the money on the condition that Ronaldo left some collateral security with Messi. Ronaldo agreed and kept his Gucci watch as security with Messi. A few weeks later, Ronaldo wanted to go to a party and wanted to wear the Gucci watch which he had kept as security with Messi. He went to the house of Messi and took out the watch out of the drawer where Messi had kept it without Messi's permission. Will Ronaldo be liable for theft?

- (a) No, as the watch was Ronaldo's only and no one can commit theft on their own property.
- (b) Yes, as he took the property out of possession of Messi he will be liable for theft.
- (c) No, as he just wanted to wear the watch to the party and nothing more.
- (d) No, as Messi and Ronaldo are best friends.

28. Parvez Musharough goes to his friend Zimran Khan's house. While Zimran is in his bedroom and Parvez is waiting for him in the hall, he sees a very beautiful watch which belonged to Zimran. Intending to steal it, he takes the watch and hides it behind the sofa so that he can take it later. Whether Parvez has committed theft?

- (a) Parvez is not liable for theft as he has only hidden the watch.
- (b) Parvez is liable for theft as he betrayed his friend.
- (c) Parvez is not liable for theft as he has till now not taken the property out of Zimran's house.
- (d) Parvez is liable for theft as he moved the property with wrong intention.

Section D – Logical Reasoning

Directions: Answer the following questions:

29. Male bowerbirds construct elaborately decorated nests, or bowers. Basing their judgment on the fact that different local populations of bowerbirds of the same species build bowers that exhibit different building and decorative styles, researchers have concluded that the bowerbirds' building styles are a culturally acquired, rather than a genetically transmitted, trait.

Which of the following, if true, would most strengthen the conclusion drawn by the researchers?

- (a) There are more common characteristics than there are differences among the bower-building styles of the local bowerbird population that has been studied most extensively
- (b) Young male bowerbirds are inept at bower-building and apparently spend years watching their elders before becoming accomplished in the local bower style.
- (c) The bowers of one species of bowerbird lack the towers and ornamentation characteristic of the bowers of most other species of bowerbird.
- (d) Bowerbirds are found only in New Guinea and Australia, where local populations of the birds apparently seldom have contact with one another.

30. A greater number of newspapers are sold in Town S than in Town T. Therefore, the citizens of Town S are better informed about major world events than are the citizens of Town T.

Each of the following, if true, weakens the conclusion above EXCEPT:

- (a) Town S has a larger population than Town T.
- (b) Most citizens of Town T work in Town S and buy their newspapers there.
- (c) The average citizen of Town S spends less time reading newspapers than does the average citizen of Town T.
- (d) The average newsstand price of newspapers sold in Town S is lower than the average price of newspapers sold in Town T.

31. During a recent investigation, Chief Inspector Wagley was interviewing five local villains to try and identify who stole Mrs. Jaiswal's cake. Below is a summary of the statements:

Amar : It wasn't Edward.

It was Bhagwan.

Bhagwan : It wasn't Charan.

It wasn't Edward.

Charan : It was Edward.

It wasn't Amar.

Deepak : It was Charan.

It was Bhagwan.

Edward : It was Deepak.

It wasn't Amar.

If it was well known that each suspect told exactly one lie, can you determine who stole the cake?

- (a) Edward
- (b) Charan
- (c) Bhagwan
- (d) Deepak

Directions (32-33): Two statements are given followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. Take the given two statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts. Read the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the two given statements.

- (a) Only 1 conclusion follows
- (b) Only 2 conclusion follows
- (c) Both 1 and 2 follow
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2 follows

32. Statements :

Some biscuits are cakes.

No cake is gum.

Conclusions:

- 1. No biscuit is gum.
- 2. Some biscuits are not gums.

- (a) Only 1 conclusion follows
- (b) Only 2 conclusion follows
- (c) Both 1 and 2 follow
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2 follows

33. Statements :

All mikes are earphone.

Some bluetooths are mike.

Conclusions:

- 1. Some bluetooths are earphones.
- 2. Some earphones are mikes.
- (a) Only 1 conclusion follows
- (b) Only 2 conclusion follows
- (c) Both 1 and 2 follow
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2 follows

Directions (34-35): Each question below has a statement followed by two arguments numbered I and II. Determine which argument is strong Mark your answer as A. Only I is strong B. Only II is strong C. Both I and II are strong D. Neither I nor II are strong.

34. Reality TV should be put an end to.

Arguments:

I. Yes. All the programs aired on TV are fabricated to increase the TRP's.

II. No. If we believe in freedom and free speech, then we have to accept reality TV as an expression of popular and democratic taste.

(a) Only 1 is strong (b) only 2 is strong (c) Both 1 and 2 are strong (d) Neither 1 nor 2 are strong

35. Outsourcing business to India has been good for the Indian economy.

Arguments:

I. Yes. It has resulted in jobs for a number of Indians, which in turn has boosted the economic growth.

II. No. It has brought in tremendous influence of the West to our country, affecting the youth.

(a) Only 1 is strong (b) only 2 is strong (c) Both 1 and 2 are strong (d) Neither 1 nor 2 are strong

36. Find analogous pair

Traffic : Road

(a) Aeroplane : Aerodrome (b) Roots : Tree (c) Blood : Veins (d) Car : Garage

Section E-Quantitative Techniques

Directions (37-40) Study the given information carefully to answer the questions.

Virat Kohli scored runs against different countries in three different years.

NOTE: Total runs scored in a year= Australia + England + Others

For 2015: The total runs scored in 2015 were 1200. The runs scored against England were $\frac{1}{3}$ rd of the runs against Others in 2016. The average runs scored against Australia and England was 300.

For 2016: The total runs scored against Australia and Others was 1200. The ratio of the total runs scored against Others in 2015 to that of the total runs scored against Others in 2016 is 4:3. The total runs scored against England in 2016 were equal to the total runs scored against England in 2017.

For 2017: The sum of the total runs scored against Australia and England is equal to the total runs scored against Others. The total runs scored in 2017 were 1400. The total runs scored against Australia were twice of the runs scored against England in 2015.

37. What were the total runs scored in 2016?

(a) 1100 (b) 1500 (c) 1600 (d) 1400

38. What is the sum of the runs scored against England in all three years?

(a) 800 (b) 950 (c) 850 (d) 1050

39. What is the ratio of the total runs scored against Australia in 2015 to that of the total runs scored against England in 2017?

(a) 7 : 9 (b) 9 : 7 (c) 11 : 7 (d) 9 : 8

40. What is the difference between the total runs scored against others in 2015 to the total runs scored against Others in 2016?

(a) 150 (b) 200 (c) 100 (d) 300

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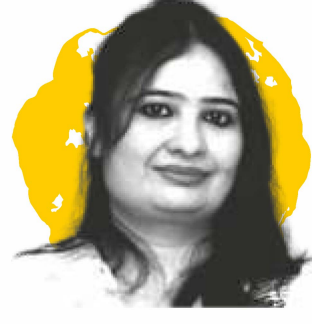
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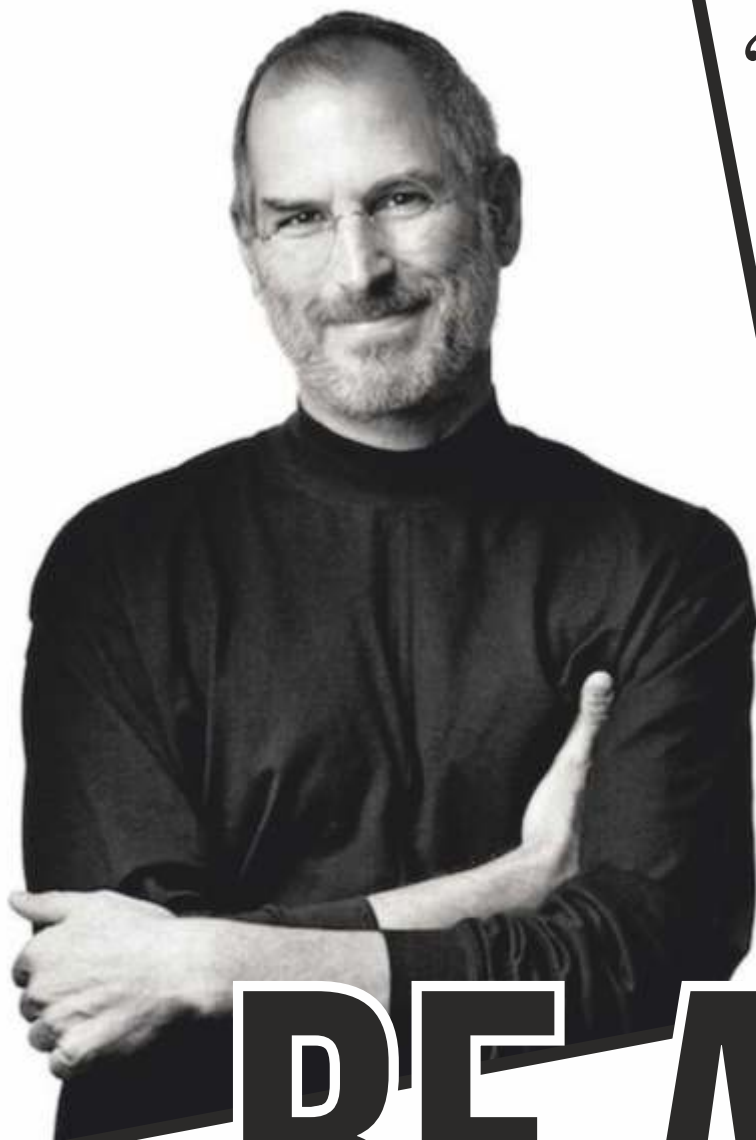


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