

# VIDHIGYA

# LOGICAL WIZARD

## LOGICAL REASONING (CLAT NEW PATTERN)



## PRACTICE QUESTIONS

# CLAT

# 1<sup>ST</sup>

## STATE RANK MP & CG AIR 14

**Aman Patidar**  
St. Paul H.S. School, Indore  
NLSIU, Bengaluru



I am thankful to my mentors at Vidhigya for filling me with confidence and capability. I will be indebted forever to them. To all the champions out there have faith and patience, keep working for your ultimate goal. As Bahul Sir says "Only Work Works".

*Aman.*

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**Jerrin Mathew**  
St. Arnold's HS. School  
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The Emerald Heights  
International School,  
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**Nayan Anand**  
Brilliant Academy,  
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**Akshat Baldawa**  
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**Ashi Gautam**  
St. Raphael's H.S. School  
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**Lavesh Verma**  
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**Amit Malviya**  
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Subhash HS School  
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**HIGHEST NLU SELECTIONS  
from INDORE CLASSROOM**  
Programme year on year

**2018** | **2019** | **2020**  
**55** | **73** | **69**

**EVERY 8<sup>TH</sup> STUDENT OF  
NLIU, Bhopal 2019 is a Vidhigyan**

**EVERY 3<sup>RD</sup> VIDHIGYAN (YLP)  
made it to NLUs in CLAT 2019**

**197 NLU SELECTIONS IN  
CLAT 2018, 2019 & 2020**  
(Highest ever in the history of Indore)

## Passage 01

Perception defines the genius mind. The varied possibilities could be taken into account if the genius in you enables you to see beyond now. Obvious is not pertinent; ignorance holds the verisimilitude. Genius perceives relationships between disparate and apparently unrelated facts. Sir Arthur Conan Doyle was a literary genius who portrayed with remarkable insight the working of genius through his immortal character Sherlock Holmes. Where the police placed all their confidence in the apparent evidence on the crime scene, Holmes always insisted on an explanation consistent with every facet of the people, circumstances and social context, human nature and the character of life itself. His perspective was all-inclusive. In one instance, he identified the criminal based on something that did not even occur - the fact that the dog did not bark signified to him that the criminal must have been known to the animal. Genius sees the whole picture.

Genius perceives universal truths of life and human nature. At the age of 21, Jane Austen whimsically began her great novel *Pride and Prejudice* with a profound insight: "It is a truth universally acknowledged that a single man in possession of a good fortune, must be in want of a wife." Shakespeare captured immortal truth in the lines "Whoever loved that loved not at first sight?" He understood that what is eternally valuable occurs instantaneously. "All the world's a stage." His perspective was universal. Genius sees life in its profundity and totality.

**1. Which of the following scenarios invokes the logic mentioned between the attitudes of police and detectives?**

- (a) The robbery was committed in a brutal manner, so the police took help of the detective.
- (b) Detectives and police are often called upon together to solve a crime.
- (c) The detective was called upon as the police couldn't make sense of the murder scene.
- (d) The police tend to call detectives on the site of crime for official purposes.

**2. Why did author say, "Obvious is not pertinent; ignorance holds the verisimilitude"?**

- (a) Because genius can see what others could see
- (b) Genius is subjective and can't be measured
- (c) Truth lies in where people turn their blind eye to
- (d) None of the above

**3. What would explain the logic behind the genius of Sherlock Holmes?**

- (a) Holmes' ability to explain irregularities.
- (b) Holmes' attention to details in a case.
- (c) Holmes' life-long partner Dr. Watson.
- (d) Sir Arthur Conan Doyle's literary genius.

**4. Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?**

- (a) Sir Arthur Conan Doyle was a genius.
- (b) The wider perspective to life is the greatest attribute of a genius.
- (c) Jane Austin was one of the greatest novelists.
- (d) Life in its totality could only be understood by a genius.

**5. Which of the following offers the most accurate explanation of Shakespeare's line: "Whoever loved that loved not at first sight?"**

- (a) Love at first sight is much more valuable than other forms.
- (b) Love can only happen at first sight.
- (c) Those that loved someone at first sight truly loved them.
- (d) Love is blind so it can't happen at first sight.

## Passage 02

In the time it took to build the case that climate change is a pollution problem, it's become unnervingly more than that. Thirty years ago, the potentially disruptive impact of heat-trapping emissions from burning fossil fuels and rain forests became front-page news. It had taken a century of accumulating science, and a big shift in perceptions, for that to happen. Indeed, Svante Arrhenius, the pioneering Swedish scientist who in 1896 first estimated the scope of warming from widespread coal burning, mainly foresaw this as a boon, both in agricultural bounty and "more equable and better climates, especially as regards the colder regions of the Earth."

There were scattered news reports through the decades, including a remarkably clear 1956 article in the New York Times that conveyed how accumulating greenhouse gas emissions from energy production would lead to long-lasting environmental changes. The article presented a briefing that depicts a cumbersome tax on climate change. In its closing the article foresaw what's become the main impediment to tackling harmful emissions: the abundance of fossil fuels. "Coal and oil are still plentiful and cheap in many parts of the world, and there is every reason to believe that both will be consumed by industry so long as it pays to do so."

**6. Which of the following can be inferred as a view that the author will most definitely agree with?**

- (a) Climate change is inevitable
- (b) Climate change was foreseen long back but hardly any actions were taken
- (c) Climate change is good for colder climates
- (d) 30 years ago climate change was much severe

**7. Which of the following is LEAST consistent with the author's reasoning in the passage?**

- (a) Climate Change gathered sufficient media coverage 30 years ago
- (b) Climate change wasn't being considered as important until recently
- (c) Climate change is only good for colder climates
- (d) The burning of fossil fuels are the main cause of climate change

**8. Which of the following if true, would seriously weakens the argument of the author in the passage?**

- (a) Coal and fossil fuel would exponentially affect the climate change
- (b) Cheap and abundant fossil fuel could lead to impeding in addressing climate change
- (c) Pollution is one of the least factors that would leave any impression on climate change
- (d) None of the above

**9. Why did Arrhenius feel climate change could be a boon for colder climates?**

- (a) He underestimated the extent and effects of climate change
- (b) He was confused about the climate change
- (c) He botched-up his research
- (d) He wanted to make a prediction that would prove right 100 years later

**10. Which of the following situations is similar in nature to the intuitive decisions mentioned in the passage?**

- (a) Most of the people are indifferent about climate change
- (b) Had actions been taken regarding the issue long time back, situation would be different
- (c) Climate change varies from place to place
- (d) Climate change was first witnessed 30 years ago

## Answers & Explanations

1. Ans. c

Sol. Option (c) is correct as the author mentions that police tend to focus on apparent evidence while Holmes (detective) tends to analyse minor details of the crime scene. In this option as the police can't make sense of the crime scene, the services of a detective are in order. Option (a) is incorrect as the passage does not draw parallels between the brutality of a crime and detectives. Option (d) is out of scope. Hence, option (c) is the correct answer.

2. Ans. c

Sol. Option (c) reflects the view of the author what he mentioned in the first few lines of the passage, "Holmes always insisted on an explanation consistent with every facet of the people, circumstances and social context, human nature and the character of life itself. His perspective was all-inclusive. In one instance, he identified the criminal based on something that did not even occur - the fact that the dog did not bark signified to him that the criminal must have been known to the animal. Genius sees the whole picture."

"He understood that what is eternally valuable occurs instantaneously. "All the world's a stage." His perspective was universal. Genius sees life in its profundity and totality.

Option (a) is not in alignment with author's view

Option (b) is out of scope. Nowhere in the passage author talked about measuring genius

Option (d): as (c) is the answer. So we can't consider this option.

3. Ans. d

Sol. Option (d) is correct as the author mentions that it was Sir Doyle's literary genius and insight which was presented through his creation, Sherlock Holmes. All other options are incorrect as they mention the character's attributes which can't be seen as "true factor behind" his genius, primarily because they are attributes of being a genius itself.

4. Ans. b

Sol. Option (b) is correct as the passage stresses upon the ability of a genius to observe the surroundings with a greater perspective than others. The primary point exploited by the author to distinguish the working mechanism of a genius' brain is the ability to view life in all its totality. Option (a) and option (c) are incorrect as they merely present an example of genius. Option (d) is incorrect as it cannot be inferred that life in its totality could ONLY be understood by a genius. Hence, option (b) is the correct answer.

5. Ans. a

Sol. Option (a) is correct as it is validated by the proceeding line of the passage. Shakespeare is trying to convey that love at first sight is superior, which is also evident from the line, "what is eternally valuable occurs instantaneously." Option (b) is incorrect as the passage talks about how love at first sight is superior. Nowhere, it is mentioned or can be inferred that love at first sight is the only way of loving. Option (d) is irrelevant. Hence, option (a) is the correct answer.

6. Ans. b

Sol. In the passage, it is clearly mentioned that climate change was foreseen in the past, yet nothing was done about it. Other options aren't directly connected with the passage. Option (c) is explicitly proved wrong in the passage and hence is incorrect. Option (d) contradicts the passage. Hence, option (b) is the right answer.

7. Ans. c

Sol. Author nowhere mentions that it is good for colder climates. It was just a Swedish scientist prediction that it could be good as compared to other areas. All the other options are fairly consistent with the author's reasoning in the passage. Hence, option (c) is the correct answer.

8. Ans. c

Sol. Option (c) is directly challenging the very main argument of the passage. Referring to the first line of the passage, "In the time it took to build the case that climate change is a pollution problem, it's become unnervingly more than that" where he clearly indicated that pollution is leading to climate change. Option (a) & (b) supports (strengthening the argument)

9. Ans. a

Sol. Arrhenius couldn't think about the extent of effects it could have on the environment, which would ultimately harm human beings. So it had nothing to do with confusion/botched-up research. Moreover, it cannot be inferred that he wanted to have a long-lasting impression. Thus option (b), (c) and (d) are incorrect and option (a) is the correct answer.

10. Ans. b

Sol. Option (a) is incorrect as the passage is not concerned with people's reaction to climate change. Option (c) is incorrect as the passage provides no conclusionary evidence. Option (d) is a fact mentioned in the passage and thus is incorrect. Option (b) is the crux of the passage and hence is the only correct answer.

# CLAT 2020

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